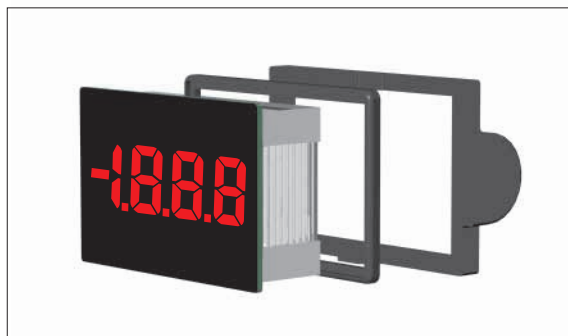


PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The SP 300 features a 200mV d.c. measurement range with auto-zero and auto-polarity. Decimal points are user selectable. The SP 300 features a negative rail generator which enables the meter to measure a signal referenced to its own power supply 0V. The bright red LED display ensures excellent readability under low light conditions. It can be blanked in applications requiring low power operation. The module is easily fitted into the panel, using the fixing clip provided. The module's low cost means it will suit high and low volume applications. The design of the panel meter's housing and seal ensures splash proofing in many applications.

FEATURES

- 9.4mm (0.37") Digit Height
- 200mV d.c. Full Scale Reading
- 50mA @ +5V d.c. Power Supply
- Auto-zero and Auto-polarity
- Programmable Decimal Points
- Bright Red LED Display
- Display Blanking Facility
- Simplified Connection
- Splash Proof



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Precision Instrumentation Systems
- Power Supply Monitoring
- Test Boxes
- Panel-Mount Indication

ORDERING INFORMATION

Standard Meter	Stock Number SP 300
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ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specification	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Accuracy (overall error) *		0.1		% (±1 count)
Linearity			±1	count
Sample rate		2.5		samples/sec
Operating temperature range	0		50	°C
Warm-up time		10		minute
Temperature stability		150		ppm/°C
Supply voltage	4.75	5	5.25	V
Supply current		50		mA
Input leakage current (Vin = 0V)		1	10	pA

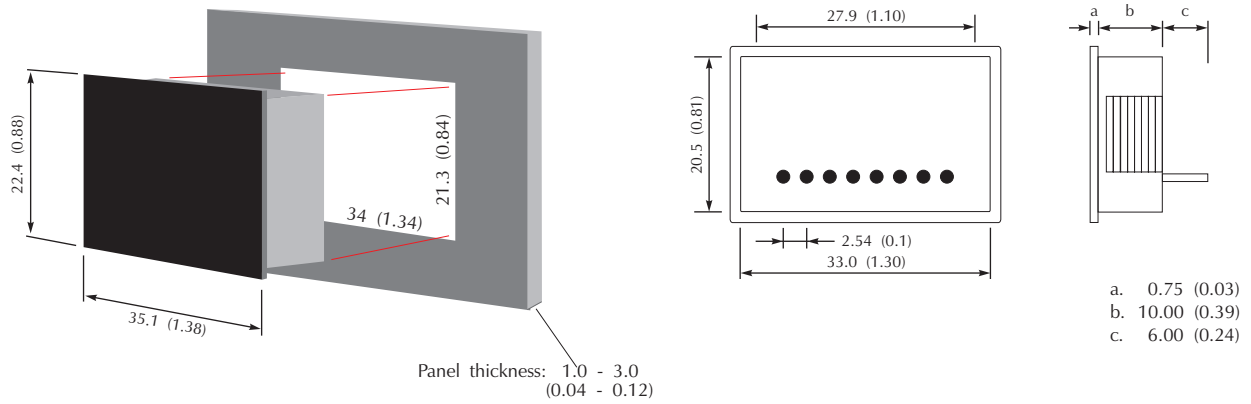
* To ensure maximum accuracy, re-calibrate periodically.

SAFETY

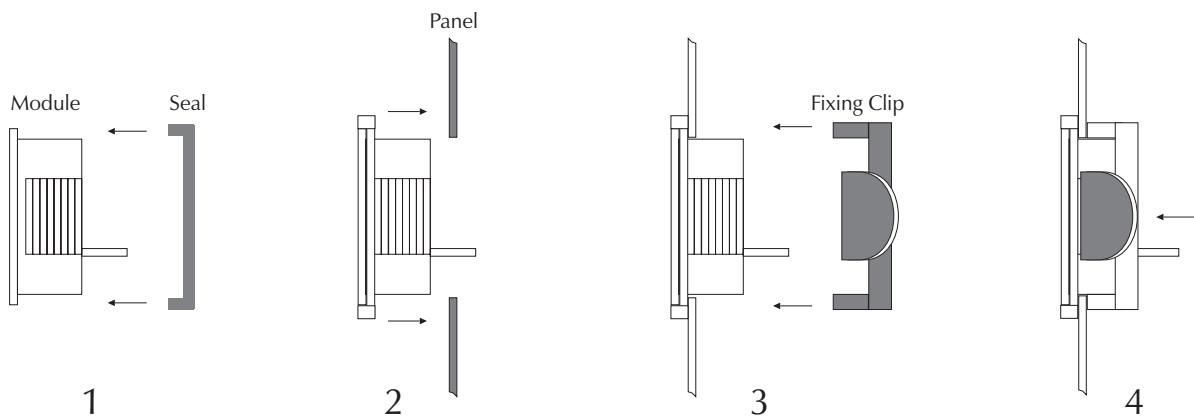
To comply with the Low Voltage Directive (LVD 93/68/EEC), input voltages to the module's pins must not exceed 60Vdc. The user must ensure that the incorporation of the panel meter into the user's equipment conforms to the relevant sections of BS EN 61010 (Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measuring, Control and Laboratory Use).

DIMENSIONS

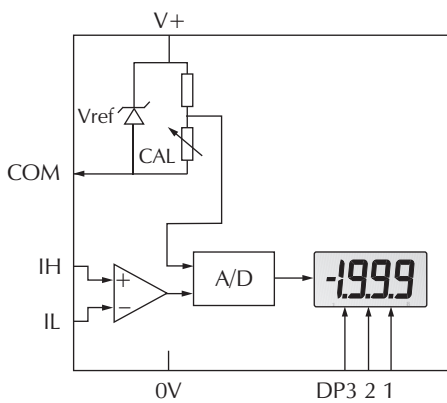
All dimensions in mm (inches)



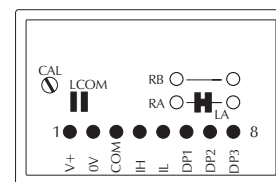
PANEL FITTING



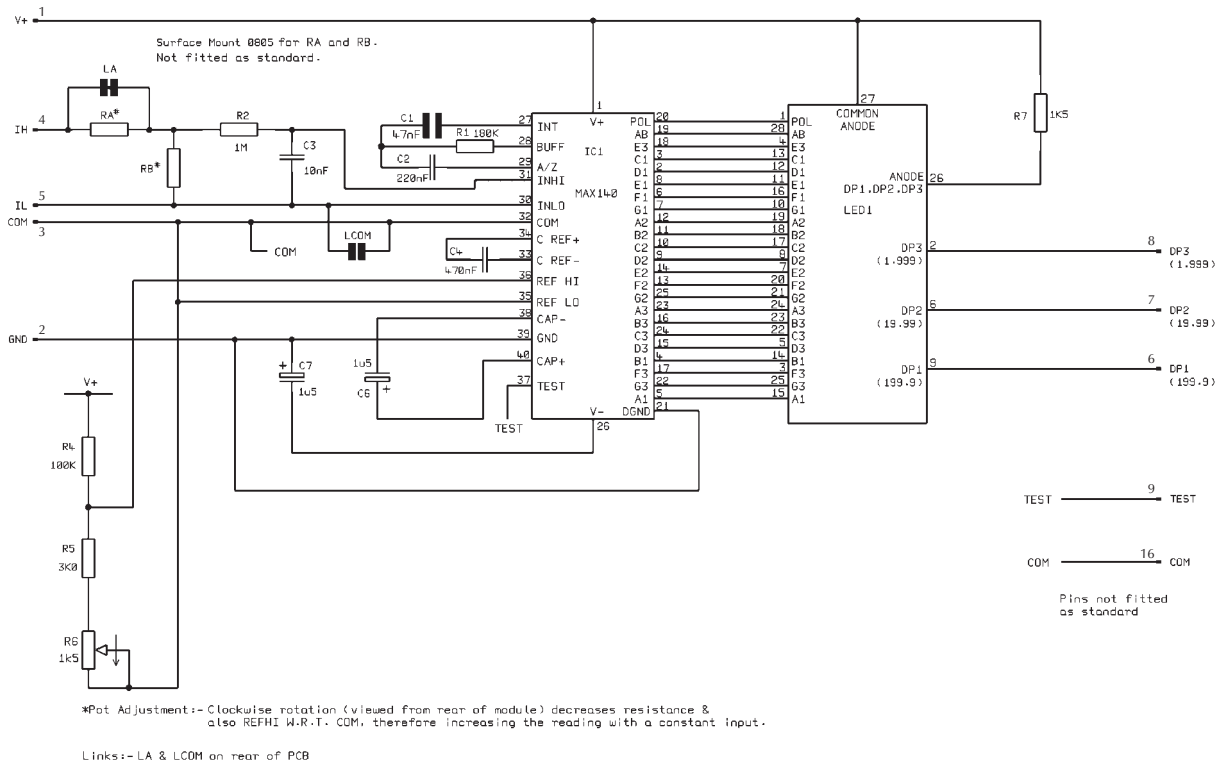
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN CONFIGURATION (rear view)



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

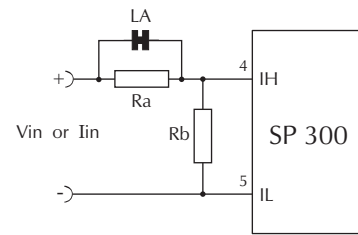


SCALING

Two resistors Ra and Rb may be used to alter the full scale reading (FSR) of the meter - see table. The meter will have to be re-calibrated by adjusting the calibration potentiometer on the rear of the module.

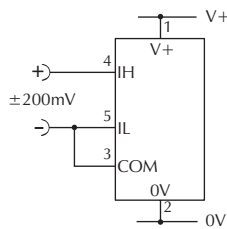
	FSR	Ra	Rb
Voltage	2V	910k**	100k
	20V	1M**	10k
	200V	1M**	1k
	2000V*	1M**	100R
Current	200µA	0R	1k
	2mA	0R	100R
	20mA	0R	10R
	200mA	0R	1R

* Ensure that Ra is rated for high voltage use.
 ** Ensure solder link LA is cut.

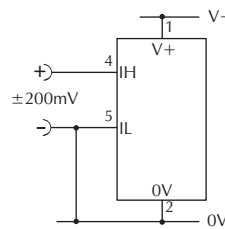


APPLICATIONS

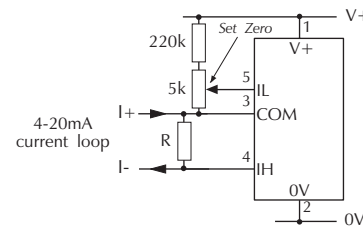
Do not connect more than one meter to the same power supply if the meters cannot use the same signal ground. Taking any input beyond the power supply rails will damage the meter.



Measuring an input voltage referenced to a floating supply, i.e. the input voltage and the meter's power supply are isolated from each other.



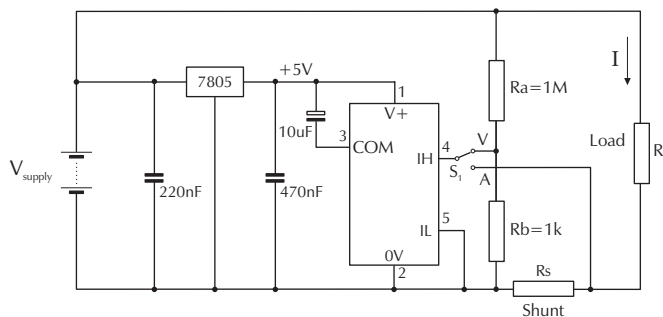
Measuring a single ended input voltage referenced to supply, i.e. the input voltage and the meter's power supply share the same 0V rail.



Measuring a 4-20mA loop current.

$$R = \frac{\text{Reading at 20mA}}{160}$$

The meter's power supply must be isolated from the 4-20mA current loop.

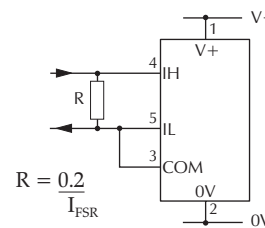


Measuring supply voltage and current to a load.

S1 selects between voltage and current measurement.

$$R_a \text{ and } R_b \text{ shown scaled for } 200V_{FSR} \quad R_s = \frac{200mV}{I_{FSR}} \text{ (e.g. } 0.1\Omega / 400mW \text{ for 2A full scale)}$$

Display DP1, DP2 or DP3, by connecting to 0V, as required.



Measuring current.

The meter's supply is isolated from the current being measured.